		*	52			
	I	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY VSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Exam. Level	BE	Back Full Marks	80
F	Xa	mination Control Division	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
		2079 Baishakh	Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.
		Subject: - Concrete Technolo	ogy and Maso	onry Structure	(CE 603)	MMMU FANGTLANDING.
* *		andidates are required to give their ans ttempt <u>All</u> questions. the figures in the margin indicate <u>Full J</u> 1: 1905-1987 is allowed. ssume suitable data if necessary.		wn words as far a	as practicable.	
1.	a	Explain the advantages of concrete. bulking of sand.	Explain cause	, effect and rem	nedial measure	for [4+4]
	b	Describe concrete as three system and	d explain the st	ructure of hcp in	concrete.	[6]
2.	a)	Explain workability of concrete mix.	How it impacts	s the quality of th	he concrete?	[6]
	b)	What are nominal mix and design a design by IS method.	mix in concrete	e? Write down	the steps for	mix [2+6]
3.	a)	Describe physical properties of harde	ned concrete.			[8]
	b)	Explain non-destructive tests in concr	rete.			[6]
	c)	Calculate the gel/space ratio and the with 550 gm of cement with 0.45 v percentage hydration. How water cem	water/cement ra	atio, on full hyc	dration and ut	
 4.	a)	Write down the use of masonry struc be considered while constructing brick		vn the construct	ion techniques	s to [4+4]
	b)	A wall 250 mm thick, using modula having resultant eccentricity ratio of 1 3.5 m clear height between RCC sl strength of brick and the grade of more	/12. Wall is 5 m abs at the top	n long between o and bottom. W	cross walls and hat shall be	lis
5.	a)	A column section $450 \text{ mm} \times 750 \text{ mm}$ 50 mm along 750 mm and 45 mm al intensities at all four corners.	carries a load 1 long 450 mm fi	50 kN acting wi rom centrid. Ca	th eccentricity lculate the stre	of ess [6]
	b)	Explain flat jack test in masonry struct	ures.			[6]
			***			

2015/07/14 87 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY Exam. Back INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Level BE Full Marks 80 **Examination Control Division** Programme BCE Pass Marks 32 2078 Kartik Year / Part III / I Time 3 hrs. Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE 603) Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ IS 1905: 1987 is allowed. Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a) Write down the properties of aggregates for concrete. How do the aggregate properties influence the concrete properties? [4+4] b) Describe three phase system of concrete. Explain the role of aggregate phase. [4+2] 2. a) Describe the ways of determining the workability of a concrete mix in lab. [6] b) Explain the process of concrete mix design based on ACI Method. [8] 3. a) Explain shrinkage and creep in concrete. [4+4] b) Explain the variability of concrete strength and acceptance criteria. [6] c) Write down the physical and chemical causes of concrete deterioration. [6] 4. a) Explain the main elements that resist the lateral loads in buildings. Explain with sketches. [8] b) External wall of a single storeyed building is 23 cm thick and carries 100 kN/m load at the top of the wall with the eccentricity of 12 mm. The plinth level is 1.5 m above the top of foundation footing and floor to ceiling height is 3.0 m. RCC slab bears on the wall and is 12 cm thick. Determine the maximum stress in the wall and calculate the strength of brick and grade of mortar required for the wall. Assume necessary data if any required. [12] 5. a) A column section 400 mm × 800 mm carries load 250 kN acting at 160 mm from the 800 mm face and 350 mm from the 400 mm face. Determine the stress intensities at all four corners. [6] b) Explain nondestructive tests in masonry. [6]

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		TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.		Regular		<b>INN</b>
		INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
	E	camination Control Division.	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32	
		2078 Bhadra	Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.	
		Subject: Concrete Technol	126	<u></u>			
		Subject: - Concrete Technolo					
	* *	Candidates are required to give their ans Attempt <u>All</u> questions. The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full M</u> <u>IS 1905-1987 and NBC 109-1994 are al</u> Assume suitable data if necessary.	Marks.	vn words as fa	r as practicable.		
		a) Define nominal size, single size and	maximum sizes	of aggregate	with example.	Why	
		is grading of aggregate important with	h regard to the l	properties of c	oncrete?		[6]
		b) Describe concrete as three phase syste					[6]
		c) Discuss about the compressive strengt					[4]
	2. 1	a) Explain the steps of concrete mix desi	gn based on DO	DE Method us	ed in concrete.		[8]
•	1	b) What are the measures of workability workability, strength and durability of	? What is the	role of water	cement ratio to	the	[4]
	C	) Describe dynamic and static modulus	of elasticity of a	concrete.			[4]
		) Explain various strength of concrete.					[4]
•	Ь	) You are site in charge for quality cont follow to maintain the quality of conc rebound hammer.	rol of concrete rete. Also elabo	at site and dis orate the non-	scuss the steps y destructive test	by	+4]
	c	Discuss the relation between water and corrosion on steel and its remedial mea	l permeability o sure.	on concrete du	urability. Write t	he	[6]
	4. a)	A 23 cm thick brick Masonry wall carr eccentric load 27Kn per meter length ac Design the masonry wall if its slenderne	cting at distance	= 7.33 cm from	n the axis of wa	nd 11	[8]
	Ъ)	Find the minimum strength of mas 200 mm × 400 mm size to support 120 clear height of the column is 3m and ful	onry unit and KN load with	l mortar typ	e for a colum	in ie	[8]
5	i. a)	Describe the scope of masonry structure					[2]
		Explain with figure, failure behavior of in-plane and out of plane behavior of ma	masonry struc	tures in later	al loads. What i	s [5+:	
	c)	Explain flat jack test and push shear test					-
			**	a riguro.		[3+]	1

×	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.			
	INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80
E	xamination Control Division	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
	2076 Chaitra	Year/Part	ШІ/І	Time	3 hrs.
÷ .	Subject: - Concrete Technolo	ogy and Maso	onry Structure	(CE 603)	
4	Attempt <u>All</u> questions. The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full 1</u> <u>IS 1905-1987 and NBC109-1994 are all</u> Assume suitable data if necessary.	Marks. lowed to use.			
. 1.	a) Describe the use of concrete in strue impact?				[4+
	<li>b) What do you know about 3 phases o on concrete properties.</li>	f concrete? Exp	plain the effect	of transition z	one [2+:
	c) Describe the NDT test for Masonry St	tructure.			[
2.	a) Describe the stepwise process of mixe	d-design of cor	crete by ACI m	ethod.	[8
	b) Explain segregation and bleeding alon				[4
	c) Explain the properties of hardened con			÷.	[4
- 3.	a) What are the acceptance criteria while		rete?	1.5	[4
	b) Explain the methods of non-destructive			1997	[6
	) Explain chemical causes of concrete de			334 ·	
	) Explain various factors to be considered		9800712		[6]
	) A wall 230 mm thick, using local brick eccentricity ratio of 1/12. Wall is 4m lo between RCC slab at bottom and timb brick and grade of mortar? Assume nece	cs carries 135 k ong between cro er flooring top	N/m load at top oss walls and is What shall be	3m clear heid	ht
5. a)	Describe types of bond use in masonry unit and grade of mortart affect the capa	construction.	How does stren	gth of masonr	
b)	Describe in plane and out plane behavio you improve the seismicity performance resist lateral loads in masonry wall in load	r of masonry st	ructure with ski	elements that	
	*	**			

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	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam. I O E		Back	
Fv	amination Control Division		BE	Full Marks	80
E'A.	2076 Ashwin	Programme Year / Part	BCE III / I	Pass Marks Time	32 3 hrs.
	Subject: - Concrete Techno	Lanner	L		
√ ✓	Candidates are required to give their ar Attempt <u>All</u> questions. The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full</u> If any Allowed codes / Necessary char	nswers in their ov Marks.	wn words as fai	IN ADDRESS OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP	•
× .	Assume suitable data if necessary. a) State briefly four mechanical prope			ing of sand.	[4+2
	b) Describe concrete as three phase sy				ete. [6
2.	a) Design a concrete mix using AC 25MPa at 28 days. The specific gr Use standard deviation as 4 MPa. 7 and fineness modulus of FA is 2.8. data if required.	avity of FA and The dry rodded	CA are 2.6 are bulk density of	nd 2.7 respecti CA is 1650 k	vely. g/m <sup>3</sup>
1	) How would you maintain the quality	y control in site?			[4
3. a	a) Explain Maturity of concrete. Defin	e shrinkage and	creep of concre	ete.	[6
1	) Explain chemical causes of concrete	e deterioration.	-		[6
	) Explain Rebound Hammer test and I		Velocity test		[6
	cube (150mm×150mm×150mm) un testing machine is 500KN.	ıres? Explain wi	th neat sketche	s.	s by [6
b	) Explain the in-plane and out-of-plan	e behaviour of n	asonry structu	res.	[6
б. а	) Design an interior cross wall of a the slab with ceiling height of 3.5m.	hree storied buil	ding to carry i	150mm thick I	RCC [12]
		3.5 m			
				on roof = a floors = $3.5$ as = $1.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$	KN/m <sup>2</sup>
	Mortar (1:4)	3.5 m			
	Mortar Design	RCC SLAB			
	(1:4) Design	3.5 m	n of wall		

		TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.	Re	gular / Back		
		INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
	E	xamination Control Division	· Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32	
	• •	2075 Chaitra	Year/Part	III/I	Time	3 hrs.	
		Subject: - Concrete Techno.	logy and Mass	mar Ctarrotum	(00 (62)		
	-						
	~	Candidates are required to give their an <i>Attempt <u>All</u> questions.</i>	swers in their ow	vn words as far	as practicable.		
		The figures in the margin indicate Full	Marks.	·			
	~	Necessary charts are attached herewith					
		IS 1905:1987 is allowed code.					
		Assume suitable data if necessary.		81. R.			
	1	a) Define structural concrete List of	ut the different	tourse . 6			•
	1.	<ul> <li>a) Define structural concrete. List ou engineering construction.</li> </ul>	in the different	types of conc	rete used in c	[2+4]	
		b) Explain concrete as three phase system	em Evolain in h	rief the transit	ion sono office		
	4	concrete properties.	ciii. Explain in 0	mer, me transit	ion zone errec	[4+2]	
	20	a) Define the concrete mix design of	concrete Descri	the the stens o	f Decim mir		
	S.C.	concrete by DOE method.	001101010. 2003011	to the steps o	i Design mix	[2+6]	
	1	b) Explain quality control in site in differ	rent phase of cor	struction		[4]	
1		a) Describe the various strength tests on					
		) Describe the elastic properties and the			ta	[6]	
•		) Explain the non-destructive testing tec				[6]	1. 2
		) Explain physical causes of concrete de		the works.		[6]	
		) What are the main elements that resist		Explain with sl	retches	[6]	
		) Explain with neat sketches, Flat-jack te				[3+3]	
		A wall 230mm thick, using modular			d of 100LNI		
	)	having resultant eccentricity ratio of 1/	12. Wall is 5m lo	ong between cr	oss walls and i	S	
		3.5m clear height between RCC slab	os at the top and	d bottom. Wh	at shall be the	e	
		strength of brick and the grade of morta	r? Assume that j	oints are not ra	ked.	[12]	
	b)	Column section 500m x 900m carries a					
	•	mm face and 360 mm from the 500 mm four corners.	n face. Determin	e the stresses i	ntensities at all	and the second se	
•						[8]	
•		**:	*				
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	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam. I O E		Back	
Fv	amination Control Division		BE	Full Marks	80
E'A.	2076 Ashwin	Programme Year / Part	BCE III / I	Pass Marks Time	32 3 hrs.
	Subject: - Concrete Techno	Lanner	L		
√ ✓	Candidates are required to give their ar Attempt <u>All</u> questions. The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full</u> If any Allowed codes / Necessary char	nswers in their ov Marks.	wn words as fai	IN ADDRESS OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP	•
× .	Assume suitable data if necessary. a) State briefly four mechanical prope			ing of sand.	[4+2
	b) Describe concrete as three phase sy				ete. [6
2.	a) Design a concrete mix using AC 25MPa at 28 days. The specific gr Use standard deviation as 4 MPa. 7 and fineness modulus of FA is 2.8. data if required.	avity of FA and The dry rodded	CA are 2.6 are bulk density of	nd 2.7 respecti CA is 1650 k	vely. g/m <sup>3</sup>
1	) How would you maintain the quality	y control in site?			[4
3. a	a) Explain Maturity of concrete. Defin	e shrinkage and	creep of concre	ete.	[6
1	) Explain chemical causes of concrete	e deterioration.	-		[6
	) Explain Rebound Hammer test and I		Velocity test		[6
	cube (150mm×150mm×150mm) un testing machine is 500KN.	ıres? Explain wi	th neat sketche	s.	s by [6
b	) Explain the in-plane and out-of-plan	e behaviour of n	asonry structu	res.	[6
б. а	) Design an interior cross wall of a the slab with ceiling height of 3.5m.	hree storied buil	ding to carry i	150mm thick I	RCC [12]
		3.5 m			
				on roof = a floors = $3.5$ as = $1.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$	KN/m <sup>2</sup>
	Mortar (1:4)	3.5 m			
	Mortar Design	RCC SLAB			
	(1:4) Design	3.5 m	n of wall		

		TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.	Re	gular / Back		
		INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
	E	xamination Control Division	· Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32	
	• •	2075 Chaitra	Year/Part	III/I	Time	3 hrs.	
		Subject: - Concrete Techno.	logy and Mass	mar Ctarrotum	(00 (62)		
	-						
	~	Candidates are required to give their an <i>Attempt <u>All</u> questions.</i>	swers in their ow	vn words as far	as practicable.		
		The figures in the margin indicate Full	Marks.	·			
	~	Necessary charts are attached herewith					
		IS 1905:1987 is allowed code.					
		Assume suitable data if necessary.		81. R.			
	1	a) Define structural concrete List of	ut the different	tourse . 6			•
	1.	<ul> <li>a) Define structural concrete. List ou engineering construction.</li> </ul>	in the different	types of conc	rete used in c	[2+4]	
		b) Explain concrete as three phase system	em Evolain in h	rief the transit	ion sono office		
	4	concrete properties.	ciii. Explain in 0	mer, me transit	ion zone errec	[4+2]	
	20	a) Define the concrete mix design of	concrete Descri	the the stens o	f Decim mir		
	S.C.	concrete by DOE method.	001101010. 2003011	to the steps o	i Design mix	[2+6]	
	1	b) Explain quality control in site in differ	rent phase of cor	struction		[4]	
1		a) Describe the various strength tests on					
		) Describe the elastic properties and the			ta	[6]	
•		) Explain the non-destructive testing tec				[6]	1. 2
		) Explain physical causes of concrete de		the works.		[6]	
		) What are the main elements that resist		Explain with sl	retches	[6]	
		) Explain with neat sketches, Flat-jack te				[3+3]	
		A wall 230mm thick, using modular			d of 100LNI		
	)	having resultant eccentricity ratio of 1/	12. Wall is 5m lo	ong between cr	oss walls and i	S	
		3.5m clear height between RCC slab	os at the top and	d bottom. Wh	at shall be the	e	
		strength of brick and the grade of morta	r? Assume that j	oints are not ra	ked.	[12]	
	b)	Column section 500m x 900m carries a					
	•	mm face and 360 mm from the 500 mm four corners.	n face. Determin	e the stresses i	ntensities at all	and the second se	
•						[8]	
•		**:	*				
•							

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#### 06 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2075 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

 $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ IS Code 1905-1987 is allowed.

✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

 1.	a)	Explain the basic requirement of coarse and fine aggregates in concrete which is to be used in construction field. Why need to grading of aggregate?	[4+2]
	b) _	Describe concrete as three phase system and also explain the effects of hcp structure	[2+4]
	c)	in the concrete properties. Define workability. List the factors that affect the workability of the concrete.	[1+2]
2.		What is the nominal mix of concrete design? How it is used in field?	[3+2]
4.	b)	What are the key concepts of ACI method of concrete mix proportioning? Explain with suitable example.	[8]
3.		Explain how height/diameter ratio of cylindrical test specimen affect the relative compressive strength of concrete? How can you determine tensile strength of concrete using splitting tension test method, Explain in brief?	[2+4]
	b)	Write about physical and chemical causes of concrete deterioration. What are the effects of corrosion of steel in concrete?	[4+3]
4.	a)	What is the use of non-destructive test (NDT) on civil engineering field? List out the non-destructive test methods in brief.	[2+4]
	b)	Describe the mechanical and physical causes of concrete deterioration.	[4+3]
5.	a)	The interview of masonry structure as load hearing element in context of	[3]
	b)	Design an interior cross wall of two storeyed building to carry 120 mm thick RCC slab with ceiling height of 3.0m. The wall is unstiffened and supports a 2.5m wide slab on both sides. Assume suitable data if required,	
		Live Load on roof = $1.50 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Live Load on Floor = $2.0 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Wt. of 60mm screed including finishing = $1.2 \text{ KN/m}^2$	[10]
6.	a)	What are the in-plane and out-of-plane behavior of masonry structures? Describe in detail with necessary sketches.	[3.5]
	b	) List out the non-destructive testing technique on brick masonry wall.	[3]
	c)	- the state of the	r [2+2]
		***	

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY 06 INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING **Examination Control Division** 

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	<b>Full Marks</b>	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	πι/Ι	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

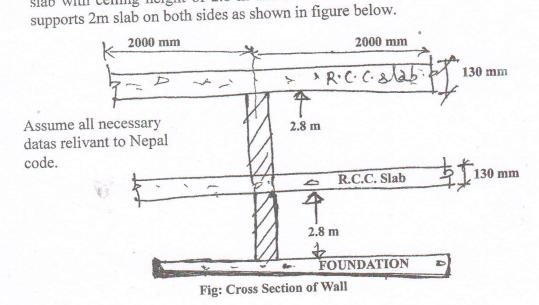
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ~
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.

1

- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ IS Code 1905-1987 is allowed.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

2074 Chaitra

1	2)	What is soundness of aggregates? How it is measured in Laboratory?	[21]
1.	b)	Explain the concrete as three phase system with necessary sketches. Describe the structure of the hcp phase.	[3+2]
	)	Describe the different types of admixtures used in concreting works at site.	[5]
2	c) a)	Describe the uniform of per transformed and the per tr	[7]
	4)	Explain properties of hardened concrete.	[6]
3.	a)	What is work ability of concrete? Describe in details different methods to measure work ability of concrete during concreting work at construction site.	[2+3]
	1.	Explain the maturity of concrete with suitable example.	[4]
	b)	What are the destructive tests (DT) of concrete?	[4]
4.	a)	in the importance of Non-destructive testing of concrete. Explain Schinder	-
	b)	Explain the physical causes of concrete deterioration.	[6]
5.	a)	Design an interior cross-wall of a two - storeyed building to carry 130 mm thick RCC slab with ceiling height of 2.8 m and the wall is 3.2 m long which is stiffened and	5 1 [9]



- b) Describe the role of brick masonry infill walls with neat sketches.
- 6. a) Describe the In-plane and Out of Plane behavior of masonry structures. Explain [2+4] ductile behavior of reinforced and unreinforced masonry structure.
  - List the elements of masonry structure resisting lateral loads. Describe the stepwise

[4]

[9]

51-27

06	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	
INST	TITUTE OF ENGINEERING	
Exami	nation Control Divisi	on
	2074 Ashwin	

Exam.	Back			
Level	BE	<b>Full Marks</b>	80	
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.	

### Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.

✓ The figures in the margin indicate *Full Marks*.

✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

✓ Use of IS: 1905-1987 is allowed to design Masonry Structure.

1.	a)	Explain in brief about Bogue's compound of cement. List the types of admixtures used in concreting works and explain the purpose of using admixtures.	2+2+2]
	b)	What do you understand by transition phase of concrete? Explain the effect of transition phase in the properties of concrete.	[3+3]
2.	a)	Explain ACI method of concrete mix design.	[8]
	b)	Define workability and Write down the procedure for performing slump test.	[1+3]
3.	a)	Explain elastic deformation, shrinkage and creep in concrete.	2+2+2]
	b)	Explain methods for performing flexural test of concrete.	[6]
	c)	How is Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test carried out? How do you interpret the results obtained from the test with the quality of concrete?	[4+2]
4.	a)	Describe chemical causes of concrete deterioration.	[6]
	b)	What do you understand by masonry structure? State its structural limitations. Explain English and Flemish bond.	[2+4]
5.	(ec wa	brick wall 23 cm thick using modular brick carried eccentric load of 165 KN/m at base ccentricity ratio at I/12). The wall is 4.5 m long between cross walls. The clear height of ll is 3.1 m between RCC slabs of 10 cm thick at top and bottom. What should be the ength of brick and Grade of mortar? Assume that joints are not raked.	[12]
6.	a).	Describe In-plane and out of plane behavoiur of masonry structure. What are the elements that resist lateral loads in masonry system.	[6+2]
	b)	Explain Compressive and Diagonal Shear Tests in masonry structures?	[3+3]

04	TRIBHU	JVAN UNIVER	RSITY
INST	ITUTE C	F ENGINE	ERING
Exami	nation	Control	Division
	2073	Shrawan	

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)			
Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.	

Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

- $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- $\checkmark$  The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a)	Define mechanical properties of aggregate. How do you rank the aggregate grading in lab?	[4]
	b)	Explain concrete as three phase materials and describe transition zone in detail.	[6]
	c)	Describe creep and shrinkage phenomenon for hardened concrete.	[6]
2.	a)	How do you assure the quality control of concrete at site? Explain slump test in detail.	[6]
	b)	Differentiate Nominal and design mix. Describe the stepwise process of mix-design of concrete by ACI method.	[2+8]
3.	a)	What is modulus of rupture of concrete? How do you determine it in laboratory?	[2+4]
	b)	Describe the importance of non-destructive tests in concrete and its uses in civil engineering infrastructures.	[6]
	c)	What are the standard process adopted on each process of concrete production.	[4]
4.	a)	Explain the use of different types of closer in brick masonry works. Describe the key points of English bond and Flemish bond.	[6]
	b)	Design an interior Cross wall of a two-storeyed building to carry 125 mm thick RCC slab with 3.2 m ceiling height. The wall is unstiffened and supports a 2.5 m wide slab on both sides.	[10]
		Live load on roof = $1.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Live load on floor = $2.0 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Floor finishing = $1.2 \text{ KN/m}^2$	
5.	a)	A column section 400 mm× 800 mm carries load 250 kN acting at 160 mm from the 800 mm face and 350 mm from the 400 mm face. Determine the stress intensities at	

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b) Describe the diagonal shear test for masonry wall.

all four corners.

And and

[10] [6] 06 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2072 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular			
Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks		
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.	

Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- $\checkmark$  The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a)	Define grade of cement. Explain the role of Bouge's compound of cement.	[4]
	b)	List out common admixture available in market. Elaborate in brief the accelerating admixture.	[6]
	c)	Explain the three phases of concrete and their role in concrete strength.	[6]
2.	a)	Design the mix proportion for concrete with help of the following given datas:	[10]

Design parameters:

Concrete grade: M 25

Max size of aggregate: 25 mm

Specific gravity of C.A: 2.7

Specific gravity of F.A: 2.6

Degree of expose: Moderate

Fineness modulus of F.A: 3.00

Method of design: DOE method

Based on obtained your mix ratio, calculate the quanlity of ingredients of concrete for  $2 \text{ m}^3$  concrete production. (Assume all necessary relevant datas)

	b)	Describe the elastic properties of concrete.	[6]
3.	a)	Why non-destructive test is important in concrete structures and list out the NDT methods.	[6]
	b)	Explain in brief chemical causes of concrete deterioration.	[4]
	c)	Explain fatigue and impact strength of concrete.	[6]
4.	a)	Define the Reinforced and unreinforced masonry structure. Explain with neat sketch Rat-trap bond and mention its advantages.	[6]
	b)	A wall 230 mm thick, using modular bricks carries at the top a load of 100 kN/m having resultant eccentricity ratio of 1/12. Wall is 5 m long between cross walls and is 3.5 m clear height between RCC slabs at the top and bottom. What shall be the strength of brick and the grade of mortar? Assume that joints are not ranked.	[10]
5.	a)	Explain the effect of lateral loads on masonry wall with and without opening in wall.	[6]
	b)	Describe the diagonal shear test for wall.	. [6]
	c)	List the name of destructive tests and non-destructive (NDT) tests in masonry wall.	[4]

06	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	·:
INST	<b>TITUTE OF ENGINEERING</b>	
Evami	nation Control Divisi	ion
	2072 Kartik	

Exam.	New Back (2	066 & Later	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	Ш/І	Time	3 hrs.

[6]

[6]

[8]

Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions. **√** .
  - The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary. ÷ 🗸 -
  - ✓ Code IS 1905-1987 is allowed.
- a) Describe Mechanical properties of Aggregates. 1.

b) Explain concrete as three phase system and explain Binding medium phase in detail.

- 2. a) Design the mix proportion for concrete with help of the following particulars using IS method:
  - Design parameters:
    - Characteristic strength  $f_{ck} = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Max size of aggregate = 20 mm

Shape of CA = Angular

Degree of workability = 0.85Degree of quality control = Fair

Degree of exposure = Severe

(Assume all necessary relevant data)

	b)	How do you assure the quality control of concrete at site?	[4]
	c)	Describe creep and shrinkage phenomenon for hardened concrete.	[6]
3.	a)	How do you determine modulus of rupture of concrete specimen in Lap? Explain.	[6]
	b)	Explain non-destructive testing process of concrete and explain its importance.	[6]
•	c)	What are the effects of carbonation and permeability on concrete durability?	[6]
4.	a)	Explain the use of Masonry structure. Describe the types of bond of brick masonry with neat sketches.	[6]
•	b)	A wall 230 mm thick, using modular bricks carries at the top a load of 100 kN/m having resultant eccentricity ratio of 1/12. Wall is 5 m long between cross walls and is 3.5 m clear height between RCC slabs at the top and bottom. What shall be the strength of brick and the grade of mortar?	[12]
5.	a)	Explain design process for a masonry wall under lateral loadings.	[8]
	b)	Describe the diagonal shear test for masonry wall.	[6]

b) Describe the diagonal shear test for masonry wall.

06 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.		Regular	
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Examination Control Division	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
2071 Chaitra	Year / Part	Ш/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  $\checkmark$ 

✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
 ✓ The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.

- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
   ✓ Code IS 1905-1987 is allowed.

	<u>ي</u> ر (	이 그는 것 같은 물건을 통해 있는 것 같은 것 같	1. T. A
1.	a)	Explain concrete ingredients and concrete as structural materials over steel.	[6]
	b)	Describe concrete as three phase system and explain the effects of Transition zone in the properties of concrete.	[6]
2.	a)	Describe the stepwise process of the mix design of concrete by DOE method.	[8]
	b)	What are the effects of hot weather on concreting and also explain the precautionary measures to take for concreting in hot weather?	[4]
	c)	Explain effect of gel/space ratio in theoritical strength of concrete.	[6]
3.	a)	Explain tests to estimate strength of concrete in compression and tension.	[6]
	b)	What is the importance of Non-destructive tests for concrete structure? Explain.	[6]
•	c)	Explain the physical and chemical causes of concrete deterioration. List out effect of corrosion of steel in concrete.	[6]
1.	a)	Design an exterior wall of a single storey warehouse of 3.5 m height. The loading on the wall consists of vertical load of 25 KN/m from the roof and wind pressure of 860 N/m <sup>2</sup> . The wall is tied with metal anchor at the floor and roof level. [	12]
•	b)	A column section 400 mm × 800 mm carries load 250 kN acting at 160 mm from the 800 mm face and 350 mm from the 400 mm face. Determine the stress intensities at all four	
		corners.	[8]
5.	<b>a)</b> .	Explain use of masonry structures as load bearing and non-load bearing walls.	[6]
	b)	Describe the flat jack test for brick masonry wall with neat sketch set up.	[6]
		the state of the s	117

04 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

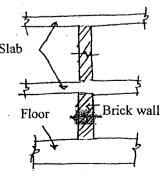
Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)					
Level	BE	Full Marks	80			
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32			
Year / Part	Ш/Т	Time	3 hrs.			

#### Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

- $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate *Full Marks*.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a) Define admixtures. What is the role of admixtures in concrete? Explain the use of superplasticizer in concrete.	[2+4]
	b) Explain in details the necessity of three phase system of concrete.	[6]
•	c) What do you understand by workability of concrete? How do you measure the workability of concrete?	[4]
2.	a) Describe the conceptual steps of concrete mix design based on IS method.	[4]
	b) Explain the types of slumps. How you measure slumps in concretes.	[4]
Ģ •	c) Calculate the gel/space ratio and the theoretical strength of a sample concrete made with 600 gm of cement with 0.45 water/cement ratio, on full hydration and at 60 percentage hydration.	[4]
	d) What is fatigue effect in concrete?	[2]
3.	a) Explain the importance of Non-destructing testing of concrete in civil engineering structures.	[6]
	b) How do you determine the compressive strength of concrete using Ultrasonic pulse Velocity method?	[6]
	c) What are the physical and chemical causes of concrete deterioration?	[6]
4.	a) Explain with neat sketches English bond and Flemish bond of brick masonry work.	[6]
i.	b) A wall 230mm thick, using modular bricks carries at the top a load of 100kN/m having resultant ecentricity ratio of 1/12. Wall is 5m long between cross walls and is 3.5 m clear height between RCC slabs at the top and bottom. What shall be the strength of brick and the grade of mortar?	[12]
5.	a) Describe about compression test and diagonal shear test of masonry wall. What is the basic difference between these two tests?	[6]
	b) Describe in details with necessary sketches in plane and out of plane behavior of masonry structures.	[8]

• •	94	TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY	Exam.		Regular	
	IN	STITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Ex	an	nination Control Division	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
		2070 Chaitra	Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.
	0	Subject: - Concrete Technolo				Managara, Anatologia dila Quali
√ √		ndidates are required to give their ans tempt <u>All</u> questions.	swers in their o	wn words as	far as practicable	•
1		e figures in the margin indicate <b>Full</b> .	Marks.			
✓.		sume suitable data if necessary.				
1.	a)	What are the ingredients of olden ag of concrete as structural materials.	ge concrete and	modern age	concrete? Explai	n use
	b)	What are the effects of the shape workability of concrete?	and texture o	of aggregates	s on the strength	1 and
	c)	Describe concrete as three phase synthe properties of concrete.	stem and expla	in the effects	s of Transition zo	ne in
2.	a)	Design the mix proportion for cond American Concrete Institute (ACI) r Characteristics compressive stree	nethod:	-	wing particulars	using
		Water cement ratio based on the Assume all necessary data.			3	
	<b>b</b> )	What are the effects of cold weath measures to take for concreting in co		ind also expl	lain the precaution	onary
	c)	What is the young's modulus of elas	ticity of concre	te?		
	d)	Describe shortly the creep and shrinl	kage.			
3.	a)	Describe in details, tensile strength t	ests of concrete	2.		
	b)	Calculate the modulus of rupture o loading for following data: Size of mm. Failure loads for single point l	beam = $150$ m	m×150mm, 1	length of beam =	= 750
		50KN.				
	c)	Explain, in brief, physical and chemi	ical causes of c	oncrete deter	ioration.	
	d)	Write down the acceptance criteria o IS456-2000.	of compressive	and flexural	strength accordi	ng to
4.	a)	Explain the use of Masonry structu with neat sketches.	re. Describe th	e types of b	ond of brick ma	sonry
	b)	Design an interior cross wall of a tw slab with 3.0 m ceiling height. The w on both sides. Assume necessary dat	wall is unstiffer	ed and supp		
		Live load on roof = $2 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Live load on floor = $2.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Floor finishing = $1.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$				
		Slab	TA P			



- 5. a) Explain about the typical damage in masonry structure under lateral loads.
  - b) A column section 400 mm × 800 mm carries a load 200 kN acting at 160 mm from the 800 mm face and 350 mm from the 400 mm face. Determine the stress intensities at all four corners.
  - c) Describe the diagonal shear test for masonry wall.

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[8]

[6]

04 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2069 Chaitra

Exam.	Regulary					
Level	BE	Full Marks	80			
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32			
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.			

#### Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structure (CE603)

- $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a)	How can the shape of aggregate affect the properties of hardened concrete? How does the grading of aggregate affect the water requirement of the mix? Also explain the	
			2+2+1]
	b)	Describe the role of main compounds of cement on development of strength.	[3]
	c)	List the admixture used in concrete.	[2]
	d)	Describe conerate as three phase system. Explain the effect of transition zone in the properties of concrete.	[6]
2.	a)	How can you determine the workability of concrete using different methods at civil engineering construction site?	[6]
	b)	What are the key concepts of Mix-design of concrete by using DOE method of mix-design?	[6]
	c)	Describe shrinkage and creep of concrete.	[4]
3.	a)	Explain the electrochemical process of corrosion in reinforced concrete elements. How does the corrosion affect the concrete element? Explain with sketches.	[6]
	b)	Describe various strength of concretes required for design of concrete structures along with their relation with the compressive strength	[6]
	c)	Explain the measures for quality control of concrete in a construction site.	[4]
4.	a)	External wall of a single storeyed house is 230 mm thick and has door and window openings as shown in figure below. Plinth level is 1500mm above the top of	

a) External wall of a single storeyed house is 230 mm thick and has door and window openings as shown in figure below. Plinth level is 1500mm above the top of foundation footing and floor ceiling height is 2800 mm. The one way R.C.C slab of 3500 mm clear span bears on walls and is 115 mm thick. Determine the maximum stress in the wall and calculate strength of the bricks and grade of mortar required for

[10]

230mm 230mm 1800mm 230mm 1000mm 2000mm

Live load =  $1.5 \text{ KN/m}^2$ Lintel level = 2000mm

the wall.

- b) How do you test the compressive strength of bricks and walls in laboratory?
- 5. a) Explain the use of Masonry structures in civil engineering. Describe English bond and flemesh bond of brick masonry with neat sketches.
  - b) A brick masonry wall of a single room building is 20 cm thick and is supported by 10 cm thick R.C.C slab at its top and bottom. The wall carries a vertical load (inclusive of its own weight) of 8000 Kg/m at the base at an eccentricity ratio of 0.1. The length of wall is 3 m between cross-walls. The clear height of storey is 3m. Determine the required crushing strength of bricks and the type of mortar to be used. Use modular bricks.

[10]

[6]

[2+4]

#### 04 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2068 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BĊE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 h.s.

1.1.1.

Floor

Subject: - Concrete Technology and Masonry Structures (CE 603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any *Five* questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full-Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- ✓ IS: 1905-1987, code of practice for structural Masonry is allowed.

1.	a)	What is the basic ingredients of concrete? Mention different types of admixtures used in concreting works.	[3+3]
	b)	Describe, in brief, concrete as three phase construction material.	[6]
5	c).	Explain Bouge's compound of cement.	[4]
2.	a)	Describe the stepwise process of mix-design of concrete by ACI method.	[8]
	Ъ)	What measures do you recommend for quality control to concrete at site? Explain briefly.	[8]
3.	a)	Define characteristic strength of concrete. The test results of a compressive strength test is given as follows: 30, 28, 25, 27, 23, 29, 31, 30, 30, 32 (Mpa). What will be the characteristic strength of the concrete? Make necessary assumption.	[8]
	b)	Explain the reasons for popularity of compressive strength test of concrete. Describe different methods of obtaining tensile strength of concrete.	[8]
4.	a)	What is elastic deformation of concrete? Explain shrinkage and creep of concrete. [2-	+2+2]
	b)	Explain non-destructive testing process of concrete and its features.	[6]
	c)	Explain, in brief, physical and chemical causes of concrete deterioration.	[4]
5.	a)	Explain, with neat sketch Rat-trap bond and mention its advantages over others.	[6]
	<b>b</b> )	A load bearing brick masonry wall of a building is 250cm thick, is laterally supported by RCC slabs at top and bottom, which are 13cm thick each and clear height between slabs is 3.5m. If the wall has an axial load of 79.5kN/m at the base, inclusive of self weight, what should be the crushing strength of bricks and grade of mortar for the wall. Wall is 5m long between cross walls and bricks used are of modular size. Assume suitable if any data required.	[10]
6.	a)	How do you test compressive strength of brick masonry wall? Describe the process of testing in brief.	• [6]
	b)	Design an interior cross wall of a two-storeyed building to carry 125mm thick RCC slab with 3.2m ceiling height. The wall is unstiffened and supports a 2.50m wide slab on both sides. Assume necessary data relevant to Nepal.	[10]
		Live load on roof = $1.5$ KN/m <sup>2</sup> Live load on floor = $2.0$ KN/m <sup>2</sup> Floor finishing = $1.2$ KN/m <sup>2</sup> ***	
		Brick Wall 3200mm	

#### 01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2068 Baishakh

Exam.	Regular / Back			
Level	BE Full Marks		40	
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16 ·	
Year / Part	III / I	Time	1½ hrs.	

## Subject: - Concrete Technology

√ √	Att	ndidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. empt any <u>Four questions</u> .	
$\checkmark$		e figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> .	
$\checkmark$	As:	sume suitable data if necessary.	· · · ·
۰.			
1.	a)	Write the influence of followings on the strength and economy of cement concrete: [2.	5+2.5]
		<ul><li>i) Water cement ratio</li><li>ii) Shape of aggregate particles</li></ul>	
	b)	Write Bogue's compound of cement and describe their significance on strength gaining of concrete.	[1+4]
2.	a)	Describe the quality of water to be used for the purpose of concreting.	[3]
	b)	Design the mix proportion for concrete with the help of following particulars using Department of Environment (DoE) method:	[.7]
•		Characteristics compressive strength, $f_{CK} = 35MPa$ . Water cement ratio based on the compressive strength = 0.46.	
3.	a)	Explain the progress of crack formation in concrete with the increase of load. Use sketches.	[5]
	b)	Describe the importance of minimum tensile strength in concrete. How the tensile strength of concrete is measured in the laboratory?	[5]
4.	a)	The compressive strength test results of a concrete specimen was found as 16; 17; 19; 21; 22; 25; 26; 27; 28 and 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Calculate the characteristics strength of the test result at 95% confidence level.	
	b)	Explain with sketch the electrochemical process of rusting in reinforced concrete.	[5]
5.	a)	What are the necessary measures for quality control of concrete in the field? Explain	[5]
	b)	Assuming standard conditions obtain porosity of concrete at the stage of 50%, 75% and 90% hydration. Assume W/C ratio as 0.5.	[5]

Table for water content

Maximum size of	Types of aggregate	Water cont workalibility		g/m3 of co	oncrete with	n different
aggregate in mm		Extreamly low	Very low	low	Medium <sub>.</sub>	High
10	Uncrushed		150	180	205	225
10	Crushed		180	205	230	250
20	Uncrushed		135	160	180	195
20	Crushed		170	190	210	225
40	Uncrushed		115	140	160	175
	Crushed		155	175	190	205

Table for standard deviation.

Degree of		Standard Deviation (S) in MPa							
control	Condition of production	Grade of concrete							
control	·	M25	M30	M35	M40	M45	M50		
÷	Weight batching, control	• •				•			
	of aggregate grading								
Very good	and moisture content,	4.3	5.0	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.4		
very good	requent supervision,	4.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.4		
	field and laboratory								
	facilities.				•		· ·		
	Weight batching, graded								
Good	aggregate, periodic test,	5.3	6.0	6.3	6.6	7.0	7.4		
	intermittent supervision,	0.0					/.4		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	experienced worker.								
1 · · ·	Volume batching,								
fair	occasional supervision	6.3	7.0	7.3	7.6	8.0	8.4		
L	and test.								

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01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2067 Magh

Exam.		********	Back	
Level	BE		Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE		Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	III / I	7	Time	.1½ hrs

		Subject: - Concrete Technology	
√ √		ndidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. <i>empt any <u>Four</u> questions</i> .	
$\checkmark$		e figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> . Tume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	a)	Write short notes on size of aggregate used in concrete construction. How it is determined that aggregate is well graded or not from the grading curve?	[3+2
	b)	Write short notes on physical properties of ordinary Portland cement and their effects on concrete behavior.	[2+]
2.	a)	What is the role of water in concrete? What are the advantages and draw backs of use of high water content in concrete?	[3+
	b)	Assuming that 1 cm <sup>3</sup> of cement produces 2 cm <sup>3</sup> of hydrated products under the standard curing condition (ASTM Standard), calculate the percentage of capillary porosity in the hydrated cement after 28 days. Take $W/C = 0.5$ .	•
3.	a)	Explain what are appropriate methods to be adopted and specific measures to be taken while concreting and curing in hot climate condition.	[
	b)	Explain what is nominal mix? What are the points to be considered in using nominal mix?	[2+
4.	a)	Explain physical process of concrete deterioration.	[2+
	b)	Explain hydration of cement. How the different compounds of cement plays role in strength gaining of concrete.	[1+
5.	a)	Explain use of different types of admixture as per ASTM standard.	
	b)	Describe the shear strength of concrete.	

#### 01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2067 Ashadh

Exam.	Regular/Back				
Level	BE	Full Marks	40		
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16		
Year / Part	III / I	Time	1½ hrs.		

## Subject: - Concrete Technology

- $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any *Four* questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a)	Explain concrete as a structural material in comparison with steel.	[5]
	by	Define fineness modulus? Describe with suitable examples.	[5]
2.	g)	Describe the key steps in mix design of concrete using ACI method.	[5]
	b)	Explain the hydration of cement in concrete. How different compounds of cement play role in strength gaining of concrete?	[2+3]
3.	a)	Describe the role of super-plasticizer as an admixture in the concrete.	[5]
	b)	Calculate the theoretical strength of moist cured concrete containing 1kg of cement with 0.5 w/c ratio at the age of 28 days. Assume 90% hydration is completed in 28 days.	[5]
4.	a)⁄	Explain the stress-strain behaviour of concrete in relation with progress of microcracks.	[5]
	b)	/How temperature affects compressive strength of concrete? Explain.	[5]
5.	ي مي	Describe the necessary process in quality control in concrete in the field.	[5]
	b)⁄	The compressive strength of concrete cubes as obtained from a laboratory test was as 26, 22, 26, 27, 23, 24, 22, 22, 28, 18, 25. What will be its characteristics strength? State necessary assumptions.	[4+1]

	Exam.		Regular / Back		1
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Level	BE	Full Marks	<b>s</b> 40	
Examination Control Division	Programme	·BCE ·	Pass Mark	s 16 · ·	
2066 Bhadra	Year / Part	Ш/І	Time	1½ hrs.	
Subject: Co	marata Tashr				
Subject: - Co			1997, A 119 (1997) A 1997		
Candidates are required to give their and Attempt any <u>Four</u> questions.	swers in their o	wn words a	s far as practicab	le.	
The figures in the margin indicate <b>Full</b>	<u>Marks</u> .			4 - 4 4 4	
Assume suitable data if necessary.					
a) Describe the major effects of $C_3S$ , C	S and C A on	the propert	ies of concrete	1	[5]
<ul><li>b) Explain about gap-graded aggregate</li></ul>					[-]
strength of concrete?	S. What is the i		ing of aggregate		+2] -
2. a) Describe about different uses of w	water in concre	ete. What	is the role of w	vater in	
concrete mixing?		•			[5]
b) Assuming that 1cm <sup>3</sup> of cement p					
standard curing conditions (ASTM porosity in hydrated cement paste					
75% hydration in 28 days.					[5]
( a) Describe the step by step process of	mix design of o	concrete by	using British me	thod.	[5]
b) Explain in brief about various met					
	nous or compr	essive and	tensile strength	tests of	
concrete.	nous or compro	essive and	tensile strength		[5]
	-				
<ul><li>concrete.</li><li>a) Explain with sketch various types of</li><li>b) Explain in brief about corrosion of</li></ul>	f moduli of elas	ticity of co	ncrete.	are the	[5] [5]
<ul> <li>concrete.</li> <li>a) Explain with sketch various types of</li> <li>b) Explain in brief about corrosion of preventive measures against corrosi</li> </ul>	f moduli of elas of steel reinfor on?	ticity of con cement in	ncrete. concrete. What	are the [2-	[5] [5] +3]
<ul><li>concrete.</li><li>a) Explain with sketch various types of</li><li>b) Explain in brief about corrosion of</li></ul>	f moduli of elas of steel reinfor on?	ticity of con cement in	ncrete. concrete. What	are the [2- e? [2-	[5] [5] +3] +3]
<ul> <li>concrete.</li> <li>a) Explain with sketch various types of</li> <li>b) Explain in brief about corrosion of preventive measures against corrosi</li> </ul>	f moduli of elas of steel reinfor on?	ticity of con cement in	ncrete. concrete. What	are the [2-	[5] [5] +3] +3]
<ul> <li>concrete.</li> <li>a) Explain with sketch various types of</li> <li>b) Explain in brief about corrosion of preventive measures against corrosi</li> <li>a) What is seggregation of concrete? H</li> <li>b) Write short notes on:</li> <li>i) Mineral and chemical admixture</li> </ul>	f moduli of elas of steel reinfor on? Iow seggregatio	ticity of con cement in	ncrete. concrete. What	are the [2- e? [2-	[5] [5] +3] +3]
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01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2066 Jestha

Exam.		Back	*************
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	Ш/І	Time	1½ hrs.

acticable.
(not included [4+6]
determine the [1+4]
constant load. of concrete as [1+4]
ring process? [2+3]
TM standard. [2+3]
the concept of n the view of [2+5+3]
gn to estimate [6]
[4]

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01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING	Exam. Level	BE	Back Full Marks	40
Examination Control Division		BCE	Pass Marks	16
2066 Chaitra	Year / Part		Time	$10^{1}$ 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hr
-	L			
Subject: - C	oncrete Techn	ology		· · · ·
<ul> <li>Candidates are required to give their and</li> </ul>	nswers in their ov	vn words a	s far as practicable	<b>;</b> .
<ul> <li>✓ Attempt any <i>Four</i> questions.</li> <li>✓ The figures in the margin indicate <i>Ful</i></li> </ul>	I Marko			
<ul> <li>The figures in the margin indicate <u><b>Full</b></u></li> <li>Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> </ul>	<u>l Marks</u> .			
-	-			
1. A) Define the entrapped air and entr	ained air in con	crete. Why	air entraining age	
used and how it works? Explain.				
-b) Explain the microstructure of ordin	ary Portland cerr	ient.		
2 a) How the well graded aggregate is aggregate is well graded? Explain i		? On whic	h basis you can sa	y the
b) What are the basic principle of considered on DOE mix design me	-		Which factors are	e not
3. a) State the merits and demerits of cu Write the steps for compression tes	•	-	-	test.
by Explain the importance of mineral	and chemical adr	nixture in c	concrete.	
4. a) Explain the stress-strain relationshi concept of concrete as a three phase		e, aggregat	e and concrete base	ed on
b) What are the physical causes of cor	ncrete deterioratio	on, explain	in brief.	
5. (a) Calculate the percent of strength		· •		)0gm
cement and 0.45 w/c ratio at the a place at 14 day normal curing.				
b) What do you mean by quality contr protect reinforcement from rusting			concrete? How you	u can

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01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2065 Shrawan

Exam.	Regular/Back				
Level	BE	Full Marks	40		
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16		
Year / Part	III / I	Time	1½ hrs.		

[5]

[5]

[2×5]

#### *Subject*: - Concrete Technology

- $\checkmark$  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any *Four* questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. What is workability? What are the different methods to control workability of concrete mix? Explain any one method of controlling workability of concrete mix. [2+2+6]
- 2. What are the different factors, influencing concrete mix design? How concrete mix is designed using Indian Mix Design Method? [5+5]
- 3. a) Describe the causes of concrete deterioration.
  - b) Explain the function of tri-calcium silicate, di-calcium silicate and tri-calcium aluminate in the hydration of cement in concrete.
- 4. Write the importance of the compressive strength of concrete in the design of reinforced concrete structures. Explain the method of determining compressive strength of concrete. [4+6]

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- 5. Write short note on:
  - a) Bleeding of concrete
  - b) Curing of concrete
  - c) Shrinkage in concrete
  - d) Bond between steel and concrete
  - e) Water cement ratio of concrete

01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2064 Jestha

Exam.		Regular/Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	III / I	Time	1½ hrs.

				Subj	iect: - (	Concret	e Tecl	nnolog	у			
$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$	Att <u>All</u> Co	ndidates are p empt any <u>Fo</u> questions ca des IS 383; I sume suitable	<mark>ur</mark> ques urry equ IS 456 a	tions. Ial mar re allo	·ks. wed.	nswers i	n their	own we	ords as	far as p	racticab	le.
1.	a) Define flaky and elongated aggregate. How these aggregate affects the strength, workability and durability of concrete? Explain.											
	b)	Differentiate in terms of t		•		•	•		and Poz	zolana	Cement	: (PPC)
2.	a)	Explain in b design.	rief the	funda	mental c	oncepts	that are	e comm	only ad	opted in	n concre	ete mix
	b)	Describe the	flexur	al stren	igth of co	oncrete a	ind the	ir meas	urement	ts.		-
3.	a)	Mention the Explain how									d in co	ncrete.
	<ul> <li>b) Comment the properties of cements based on oxide and compound composition given below:</li> </ul>											
					(	Dxide and	Comp	ound Co	ntent (%	5)		
		Cement	SiO <sub>2</sub>	CaO	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	SO3	C <sub>3</sub> S	C <sub>2</sub> S	C <sub>3</sub> A	C₄AF_	Free Lime
		Cement-A	22.4	68.2	0.3	4.6	2.4	69.2	12.0	11.7	0.9	3.3
		Cement-B	25.0	61.0	3.0	4.0	2,5	20.0	56.6	5.7	9.1	1.0

- 4. a) Explain the effect of shrinkage and creep on concrete behaviour.
  - b) Explain the compliance criteria of concrete as per IS 456.
- 5. a) Explain the influence of casting and curing temperatures on concrete strength and suggest the appropriate method of concreting in Kathmandu.
  - b) Explain concrete corrosion (reason, mechanism and implication).

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